

Plate 1: Types TP1 and TP2 used together on 1923 Registered cover from the President McKinley. Reduced to 79%



Plate 2: Problematic double-ring cancel on 1924 Hong Kong cover: type TP7. Reduced to 70%

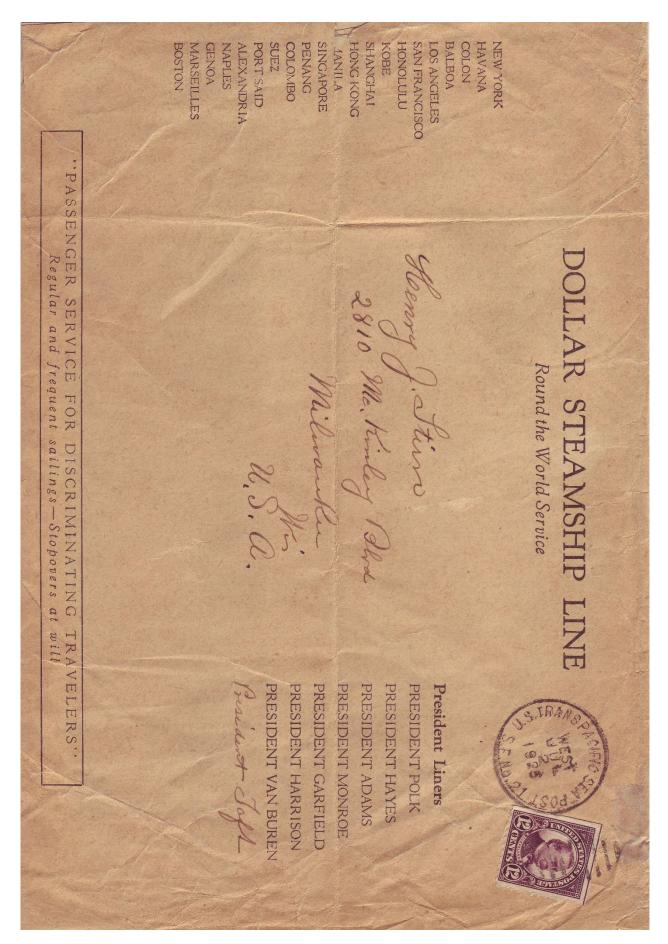


Plate 3: Interesting Dollar Line cover (1925) showing lists of ships and ports-of-call on the round-the-world cruise

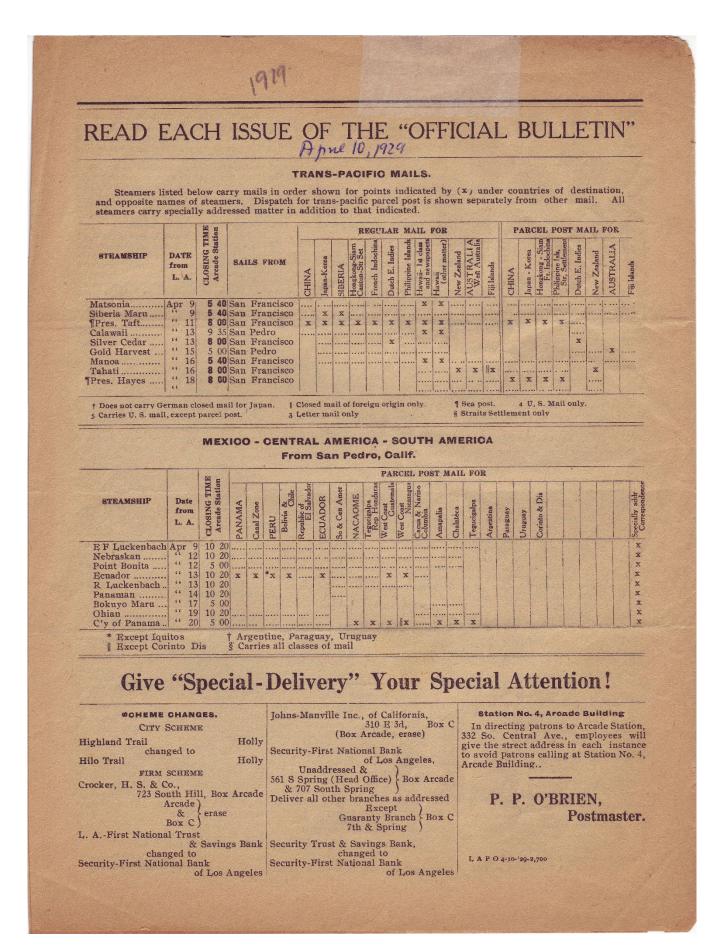


Plate 4: 1929 (April) bulletin of the Los Angeles Post Office highlighting the transpacific seaposts. Reduced to 89%



Plate 5a: 2 examples of "foreign-franked" mail cancelled in the transpacific service, without any form of paquebot cachet.





Plate 5b: 2 examples of "foreign-franked" mail cancelled in the transpacific service, without any form of paquebot cachet.

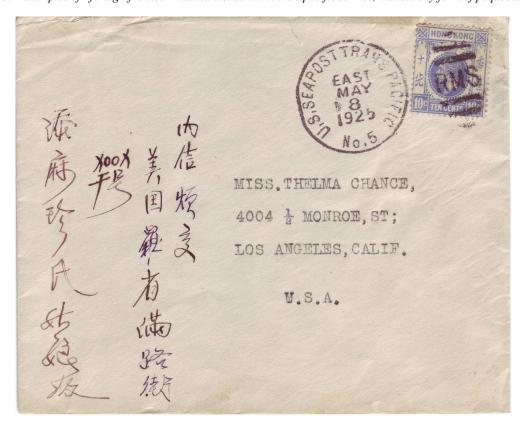




Plate 6: Two interesting covers from the Coolidge – (above) large tax mark found occasionally on mail originating in China, and (below) 1932 cover addressed to Wallis Simpson, later mistress of Edward VIII, and later still his wife (Duchess of Windsor)



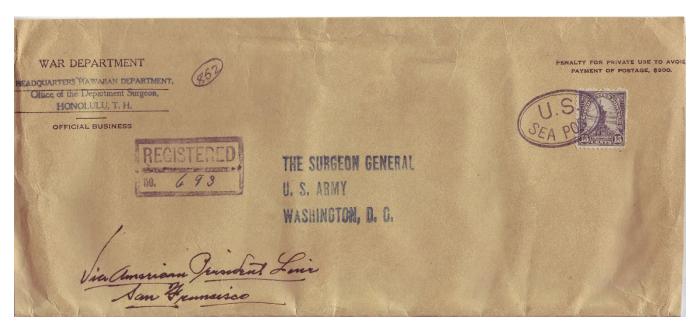


Plate 7a: Example of small double-oval mark used on registered mail posted on board transpacific ships. Reduced to 63%



Plate 7b: Example of small double-oval mark used on registered mail posted on board transpacific ships

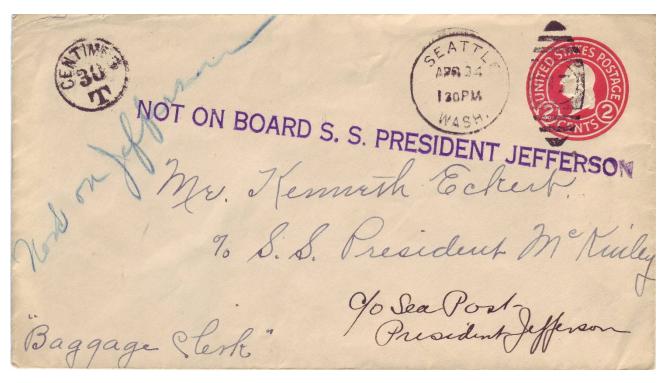


Plate 8: "Not on board" cachet applied to mail addressed to passengers who could not be found





Plate 9: Two examples of cachets for "Crossing the International Date-line," 1937-1940



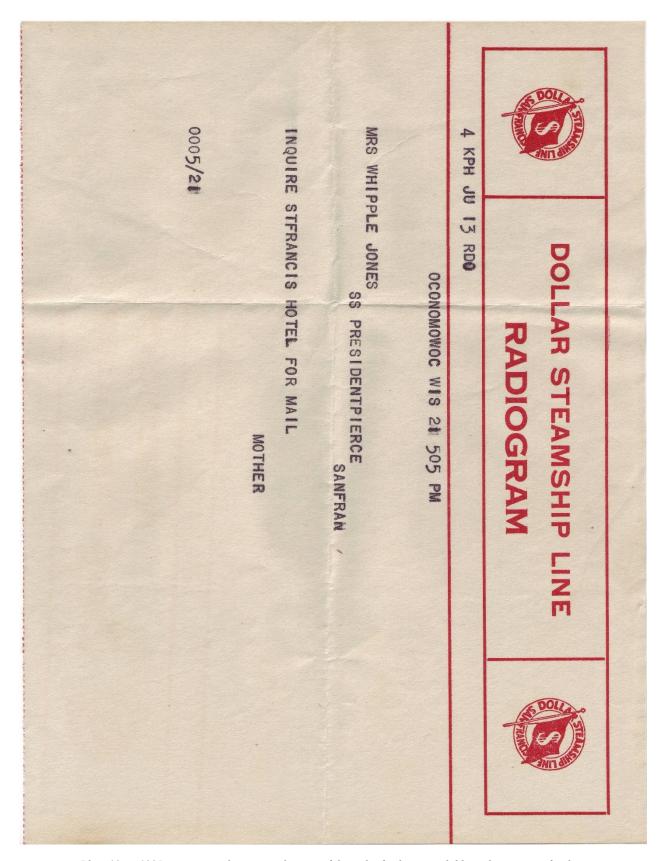


Plate 10a: c1935 incoming radiogram, indicative of the radio facilities available in the transpacific ships

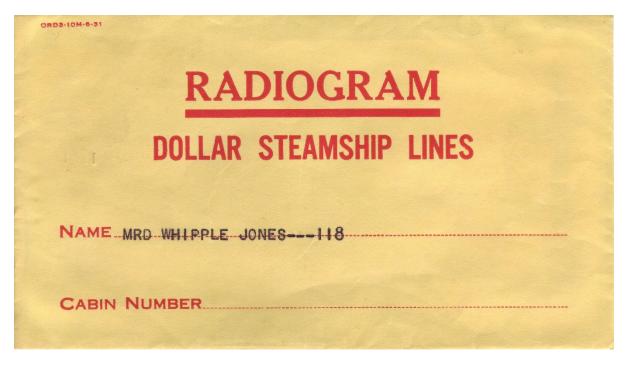


Plate 10b: Envelope to go with Plate 10a (above)



Plate 10c: 1930 outgoing ocean letter, indicative of the radio facilities available in the transpacific ships

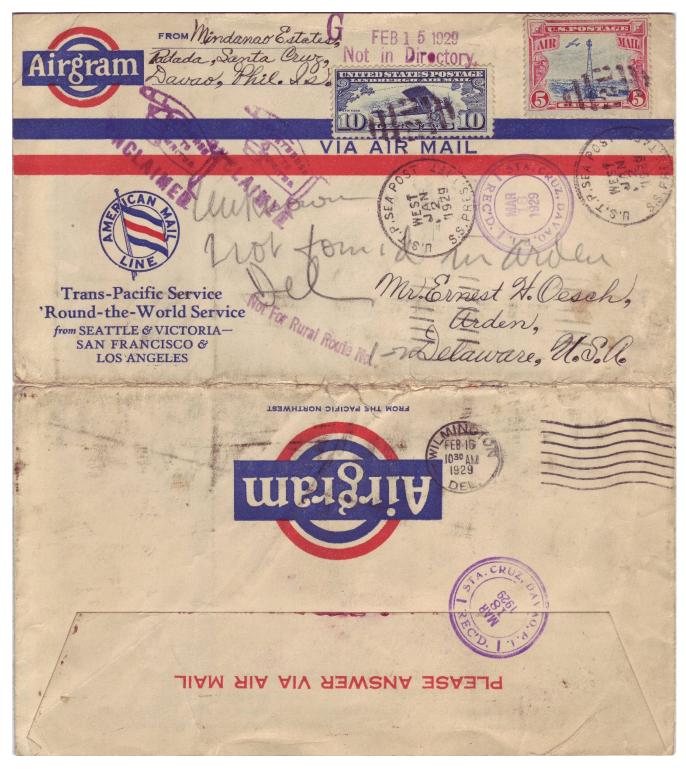


Plate 11: Colourful "airgram" sent from the Taft in 1929, subsequently undelivered and returned to sender. Reduced to 86%

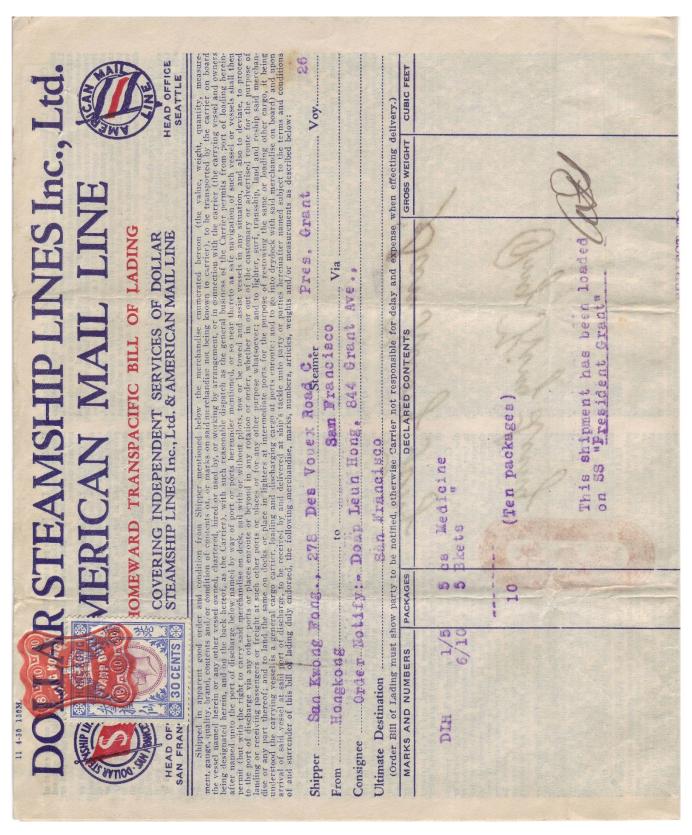


Plate 12: 1930 Bill of Lading for goods via Dollar Line to San Francisco from Hong Kong. Reduced to 99%

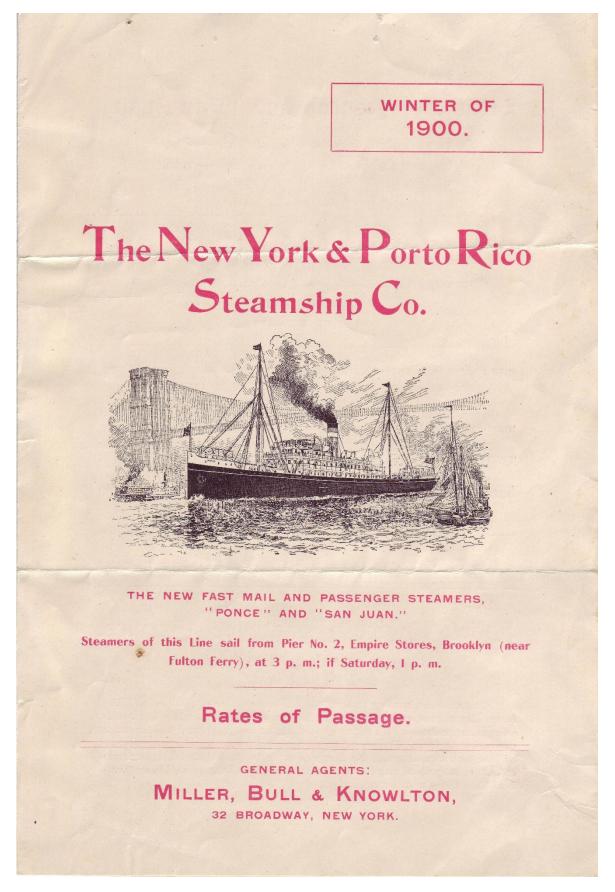


Plate 13: 1900 leaflet advertising the New York and Porto Rico service

PRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES Ork & San Juan R P O, sea post service.

Kailway Mail Service

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT SECOND DIVISION

WWB-CPT New York, N. U.

June 22nd 1921

/ SPECIAL ORDER 7

Commencing July 2nd 1921, sea post service will be established between New York, N.Y., and San Juan, Porto Rico, on the steamers of the New York & Porto Rico Steamship Company; sailing from New York on Saturday of each week at noon, and sailing from San Juan, P.R., on Wednesday of each week at 5 pm.

The first trip of sea post service from New York will be that of Saturday, July 2nd, on the SS Ponce, and on Saturdays thereafter by steamers indicated in the company's schedule. The first trip from San Juan, Porto Rico, will be that of Wednesday, July 13th, and on Wednesdays thereafter by the steamers indicated in the company's schedule of sailings.

The following instructions will be observed by the clerks performing service on this line:

-Southbound -

REGISTERED MAIL will be received at the Foreign Station of the New York Postoffice at 9 a m by the clerk; and the clerk should leave in charge of the registers and the ordinary mail for the steamer on the last wagon, leaving the Foreign Station at 10.30 a m on the date of sailing.

- 1.- See that the first-class mail is conveyed to the postoffice mail room on the steamer direct from the wagon.
- 2.- Registered mail should be securely locked in the strong room provided for that purpose within the mail room.
- 3.- Cancel the postage stamps on the supplementary mail received at the dock.
- 4.- Make a distribution of the letter mail for the Island of Porto Rico in accordance with the special standpoint scheme which is furnished for that purpose.
- 5.- Make a distribution of San Juan City letter mail in direct packages to the principal business firms and the box sections, as indicated on the special scheme furnished for that purpose.
- 6.- Make a distribution of Ponce City letter mail into directs for the principal business firms.
- 7.- Make a distribution of paper mail for the Island of Porto Rico in accordance with the special scheme which is furnished for this purpose.
- 8.- On the day of arrival, arrange with the First Officer as to the time of getting the mail on deck, and making the deck separations, as indicated by notes on page 4 of the Porto Rico scheme.

Plate 14: Official instruction sheet concerning the re-establishment of the Porto Rico service in 1921. Reduced to 87%

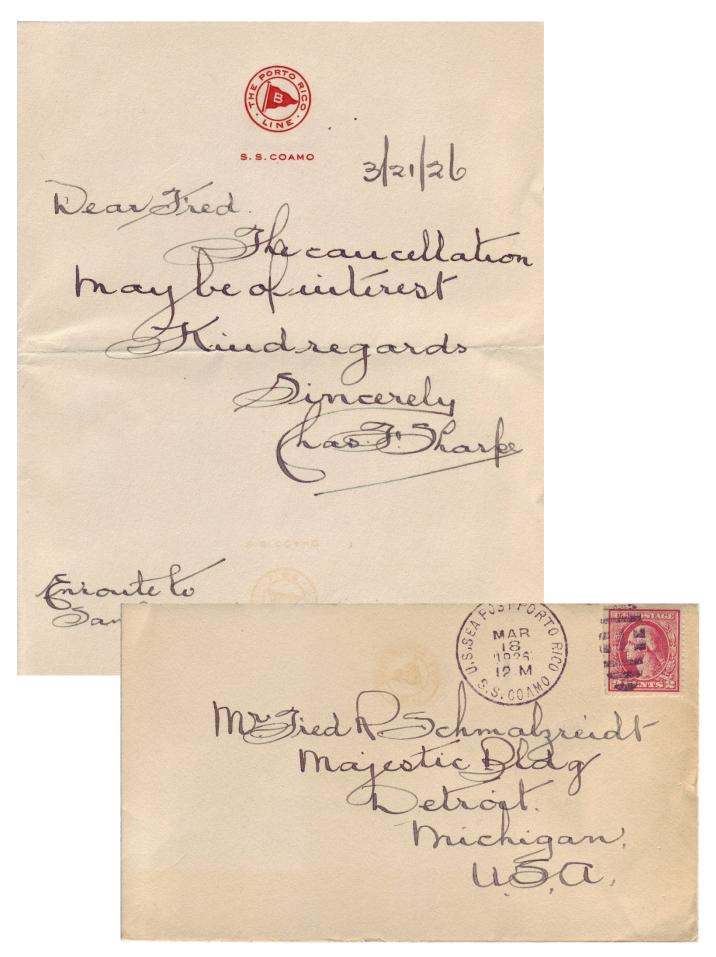


Plate 15: 1926 cover and letter from the Coamo

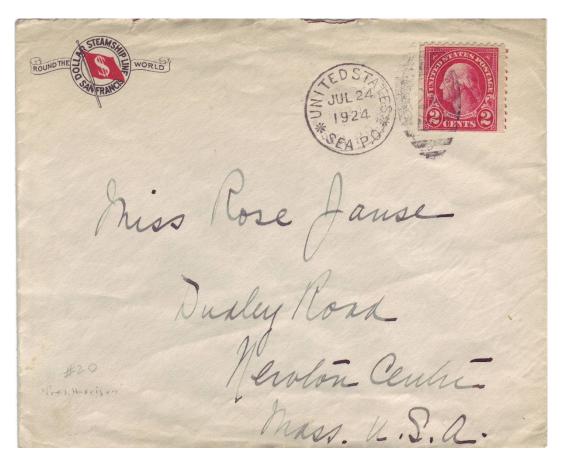


Plate 16: Two interesting items from the Canal Zone series: (above) cover from the President Harrison with number 20 in duplex, probably proper to this seapost, and (below) 1924 postcard with Haitian franking and straight paquebot – an imperfect strike but a rare example of a "south" indicator



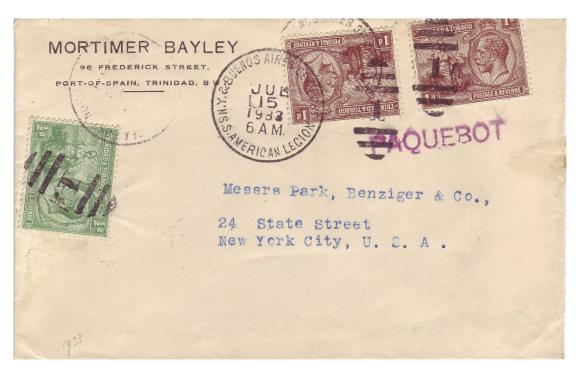


Plate 17: Interesting examples of foreign-franked mail from the Buenos Aires Seapost





Plate 18: Official mail, unfranked, cancelled in the Buenos Aires Seapost. Reduced to 80% (lower)



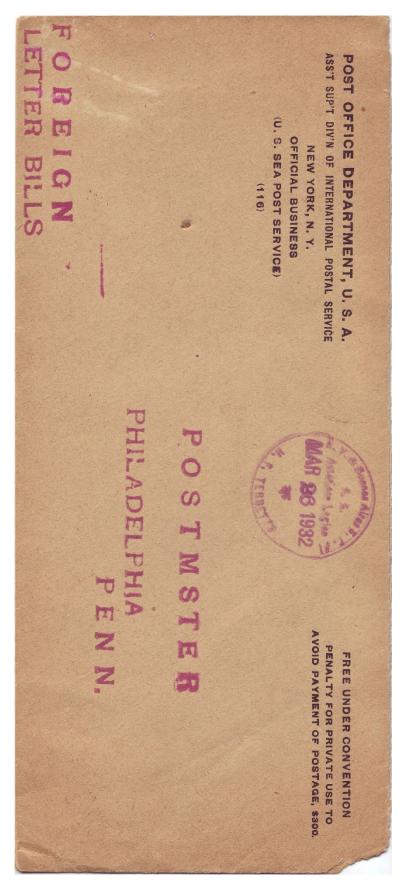


Plate 19: Official "Seapost Service" envelope from the American Legion to the Postmaster of Philadelphia, with seapost clerk's personal handstamp, 1932.



Plate 20: Pictorial menu card from the Santa Clara, 1930, showing route of the Valparaiso service.

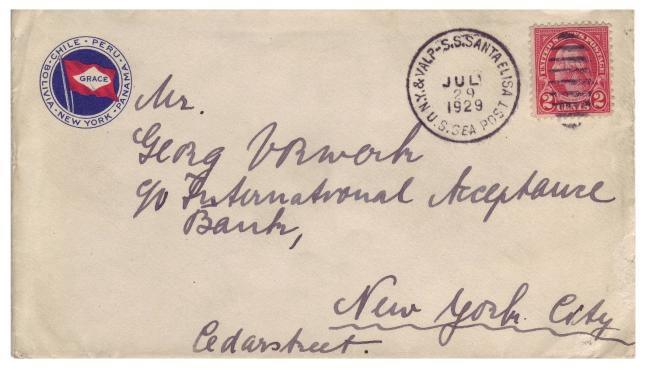


Plate 21: Shipping company envelope mailed from the Santa Elisa and a pictorial card of the ship itself.

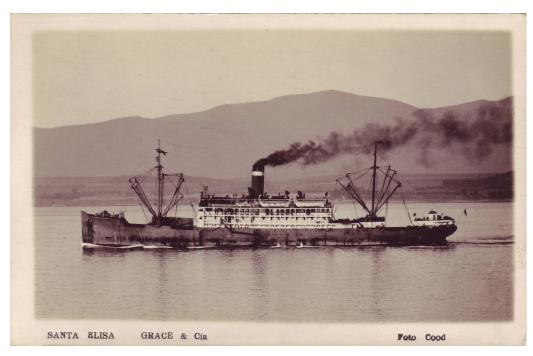




Plate 22a: A pair of interesting items from the Valparaiso service

S.S. "SANTA LUCIA" V GRACE LINE 10 HANOVER SQUARE NEW YORK, N. Y.	31 S.S.S.A.N. APR 19 TO SEE SEAPOST. 1935
	PAR AVION—BY AIR MAIL VIA
WIR LIFE WALL	THE GRACE LINE INC 10 HANOVER SQUARE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

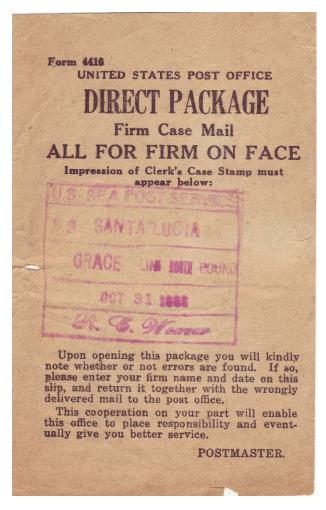


Plate 22b: An item from the Valparaiso service and a facing slip with the seapost clerk's personal handstamp



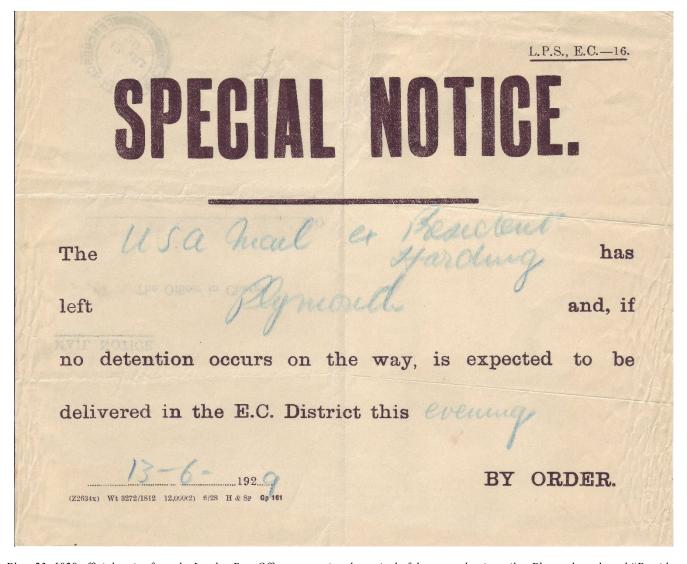


Plate 23: 1929 official notice from the London Post Office concerning the arrival of the transatlantic mail at Plymouth, on board "President Harding". Reduced to 85%





Plate 25: Express mail from the "Manhattan" and mail from British ship Britannic cancelled on the "Washington"; two unusual usages

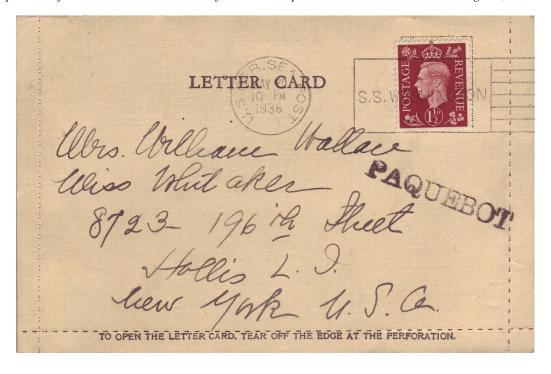




Plate 26a: 1934 German facing slip with personal cachet of US Seapost clerk on the "New York"



Plate 26b: 1922 cover with rare usage of registered datestamps cancelling postage

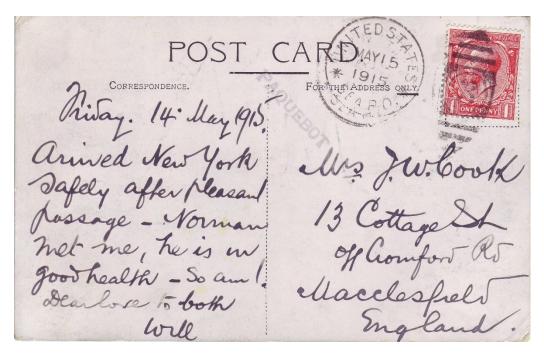


Plate 27: Two seapost cards from 1915 – one with British stamp and straight paquebot; the other with a completely dumb obliterator, the latter not previously reported





Plate 28: Both sides of 1922 card from Kuhnle to Dahmann, showing on reverse complete range of handstamps available in the sea PO at that date





Plate 29: The scarce British double-circle mark, applied by the British sorters in the four US ships of the joint US/British service, only in the period 1905-1907. One is accompanied by a US Sea PO missent mark, the other by a New York paquebot mark.





Plate 30: Dahmann, mailing from the US/French Sea PO No 25 proving existence of registration facility on this short-lived seapost service.



Plate 31: Official seal of the US/German Seapost on a damaged cover addressed to Chicago, and (for reference) a complete unused seal.





Plate 32: Supplementary mail cover ex-New York, 1909, via US/German Sea PO

Images from Hosking, R: Seaposts of the USA, TPO & Seapost Society, 2008



Plate 33: Two items of supplementary mail out of San Juan via the Porto Rico Seapost: (top) 1926 card posted without supplementary fee and taxed accordingly, (bottom) 1928 cover fully paid with double postage.

